



Amendment to the Specification



Replace page 11, paragraphs 2 and 3, with:

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the targeting construct is prepared directly from a plasmid genomic library using the methods described in pending U.S. Patent Application Ser. No.: 08/971,310, filed November 17, 1997, which was converted to provisional application 60/684,194, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein in its entirety. Generally, a sequence of interest is identified and isolated from a plasmid library in a single step using, for example, long-range PCR. Following isolation of this sequence, a second polynucleotide that will disrupt the target sequence can be readily inserted between two regions encoding the sequence of interest. In accordance with this aspect, the construct is generated in two steps by (1) amplifying (for example, using long-range PCR) sequences homologous to the target sequence, and (2) inserting another polynucleotide (for example a selectable marker) into the PCR product so that it is flanked by the homologous sequences. Typically, the vector is a plasmid from a plasmid genomic library. The completed construct is also typically a circular plasmid.

In another embodiment, the targeting construct is designed in accordance with the regulated positive selection method described in U.S. Patent Application Ser. No. 09/954,483, filed September 17, 2001, which is now published U.S. Patent Publication No. 20030032175, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein in its entirety. The targeting construct is designed to include a PGK-*neo* fusion gene having two *lacO* sites, positioned in the PGK promoter and an NLS-*lacI* gene comprising a lac repressor fused to sequences encoding the NLS from the SV40 T antigen.